

# GENERAL DESCRIPTION

OB2560 is a high performance offline PSR controller for low power AC/DC charger and adapter applications. It operates in primary-side sensing and regulation. Consequently, opto-coupler and TL431 could be eliminated. Proprietary Constant Voltage (CV) and Constant Current (CC) control is integrated as shown in the figure below.

In CC control, the current and output power setting can be adjusted externally by the sense resistor Rs at CS pin. In CV control, multi-mode operations are utilized to achieve high performance and high efficiency. In addition, good load regulation is achieved by the built-in cable drop compensation. Device operates in PFM in CC mode at large load condition and it operates in PWM with frequency reduction at light/medium load. The chip consumes very low operation current. It achieves less than 100mW standby power to meet strict standby power standard.

OB2560 offers comprehensive protection coverage with auto-recovery feature including Cycle-by-Cycle current limiting, VDD over voltage protection, feedback loop open protection, short circuit protection, built-in leading edge blanking, VDD under voltage lockout (UVLO), OTP etc.

OB2560 is offered in SOT23-6 package.

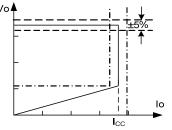


Figure.1. Typical CC/CV Curve

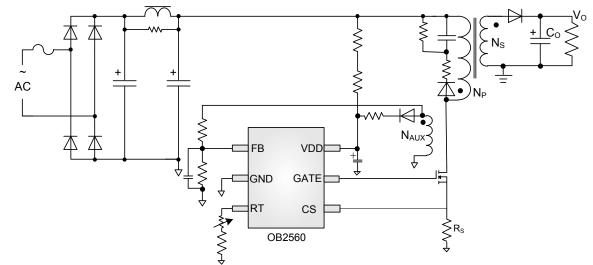
## FEATURES

- Driving MOSFET
- Primary-side sensing and regulation without TL431 and opto-coupler
- High precision constant voltage and current regulation at universal AC input
- Multi-mode PWM/PFM operation for efficiency improving
- Good dynamic response
- Programmable CV and CC regulation
- Built-in primary winding inductance compensation
- Programmable cable drop compensation
- No need for control loop compensation
- Audio noise free operation
- Built-in leading edge blanking (LEB)
- Ultra low start-up current (typ. 1uA) and low operating current (typ. 650uA)
- Comprehensive protection coverage with auto-recovery
  - Precise external OTP
  - VDD over voltage protection
  - VDD under voltage lockout with hysteresis (UVLO)
  - Cycle-by-Cycle current limiting
  - Feedback loop open protection
  - Output short circuit protection

## APPLICATIONS

Low Power AC/DC offline SMPS for

- Cell Phone Charger
- Digital Cameras Charger
- Small Power Adapter
- Auxiliary Power for PC, TV etc.
- Linear Regulator/RCC Replacement

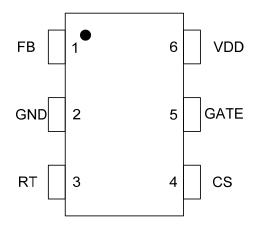




## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **Pin Configuration**

The pin map is shown as below for SOT23-6.



## **Ordering Information**

| Part Number | Description           |  |  |
|-------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| OB2560MP    | SOT23-6, Pb-free, T&R |  |  |

#### Package Dissipation Rating

| Package | RθJA ( <sup>°</sup> C/W) |
|---------|--------------------------|
| SOT23-6 | 200                      |

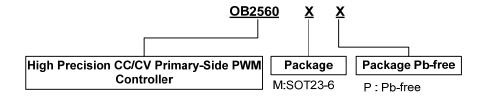
#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Parameter   | Value         |  |  |  |
|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| VDD Voltage   | -0.3 to 30V   |  |  |  |
| FB Input Voltage                                      | -0.3 to 7V    |  |  |  |
| RT Input Voltage                                      | -0.3 to 7V    |  |  |  |
| CS Input Voltage                                      | -0.3 to 7V    |  |  |  |
| GATE Input Voltage                                    | -0.3 to 24V   |  |  |  |
| Min/Max Operating Junction Temperature T <sub>J</sub> | -40 to 150 ℃  |  |  |  |
| Min/Max Storage<br>Temperature T <sub>stg</sub>       | -55 to 150 ℃  |  |  |  |
| Lead Temperature<br>(Soldering, 10secs)               | <b>260</b> °C |  |  |  |

**Note:** Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## Recommended operating condition

| Symbol         | Parameter                        | Range       |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| VCC            | VCC Supply Voltage               | 9 to 22V    |
| T <sub>A</sub> | Operating Ambient<br>Temperature | -20 to 85 ℃ |





# **Marking Information**



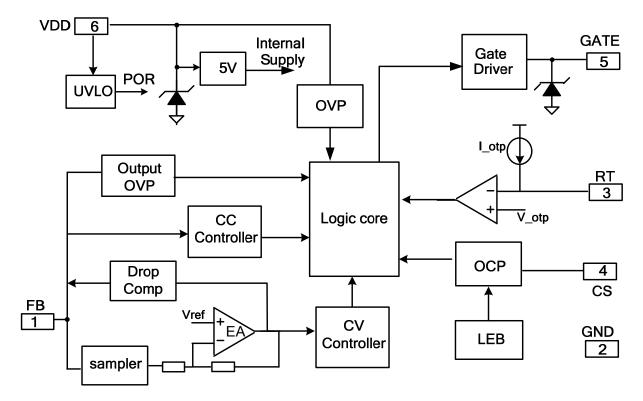
Y:Year Code WW:Week Code(01-52) ZZZ: Lot code s: Internal code

# **TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS**

| Pin Num | Pin Name | I/O | Description  |
|---------|----------|-----|--|
| 1       | FB       | I   | The voltage feedback from auxiliary winding. Connected to resistor divider from auxiliary winding reflecting output voltage. |
| 2       | GND      | Р   | Ground   |
| 3       | RT       | I   | Connected through a NTC resistor to ground for over temperature shutdown   |
| 4       | CS       | I   | Power MOSFET source  |
| 5       | GATE     | 0   | Gate driver of power MOSFET.   |
| 6       | VDD      | Р   | Power Supply   |



# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**





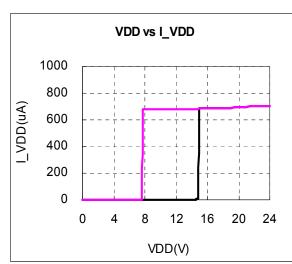
# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

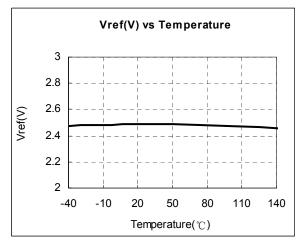
| (TA = 25℃         | VDD=15V, if not otherwise noted) |  |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| $(17 - 20 \circ)$ |                                  |  |

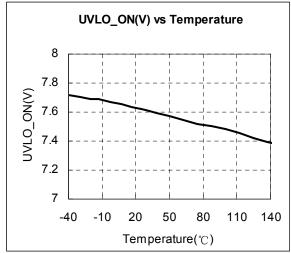
| Symbol                    | Parameter                                | Test Conditions | Min   | Тур. | Max   | Unit |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| Supply Voltage            | (VDD) Section                            |                 |       |      | •     |      |
| l start-up                | Start up current                         | VDD=UVLO_OFF-1V |       | 5    | 15    | uA   |
| I static                  | Static current                           |                 |       | 0.65 | 1.0   | mA   |
| UVLO(OFF)                 | VDD under voltage lockout exit           |                 | 13.8  | 14.8 | 15.8  | V    |
| UVLO(ON)                  | VDD under voltage lockout enter          |                 | 7.0   | 7.6  | 8.2   | V    |
| VDD_OVP                   | VDD over voltage protection              |                 | 25.2  | 26.2 | 27.2  | V    |
| Max. Operating<br>Voltage |  |                 |       |      | 24    | V    |
| Current Sense             | nput Section                             |                 |       |      |       |      |
| TLEB                      | LEB time                                 |                 |       | 330  |       | ns   |
| TD_OC                     | OCP propagation delay                    |                 |       | 100  |       | ns   |
| Vth_ocp_min               | Minimum over current threshold           |                 | 485   | 500  | 515   | mV   |
| Vth_ocp_max               | Maximum over current threshold           |                 |       | 580  |       | mV   |
| Vcs_mini                  | Minimum CS threshold                     |                 |       | 100  |       | mV   |
| Ton_max                   | Maximum Ton                              |                 |       | 50   |       | us   |
| Td_oc                     | OCP propagation delay                    |                 |       | 100  |       | ns   |
| FB Input Sectio           | n  |                 |       |      |       |      |
| Vref_fb                   | Reference voltage for feedback threshold |                 | 2.475 | 2.50 | 2.525 | V    |
| Tpause_min                | Minimum Toff                             |                 |       | 2.0  |       | us   |
| F_min                     | Minimum frequency                        |                 | 400   | 450  | 500   | Hz   |
| Icomp_cable               | Maximum cable compensation current       |                 | 22    | 24   | 26    | uA   |
| Gate Drive Sect           | ion                                      |                 |       |      |       |      |
| V_clamp                   | Output clamp voltage level               |                 | 9.5   | 11   | 12.5  | V    |
| Tr                        | Output rising time                       | CL=0.22nF       |       | 180  |       | ns   |
| Tf                        | Output falling time                      | CL=0.22nF       |       | 30   |       | ns   |
| Output Over Vo            | Itage Protection                         |                 |       |      |       |      |
| V_OVP                     | Output Over voltage threshold            |                 | 2.9   | 3.0  | 3.1   | V    |
| RT Section                |  |                 |       |      |       |      |
| I_otp                     | RT pin source current                    |                 |       | 150  |       | uA   |
| V_otp                     | Over temperature trigger voltage         |                 |       | 2.0  |       | V    |

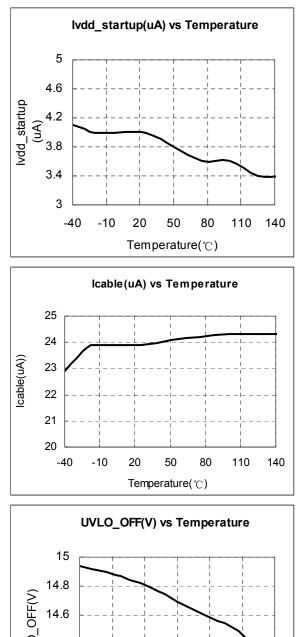


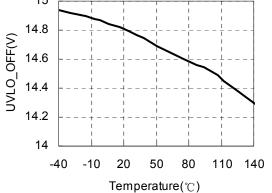
# **CHARACTERIZATION PLOTS**













# **OPERATION DESCRIPTION**

OB2560 is a cost effective PSR controller optimized for off-line low power AC/DC applications including battery chargers. It operates in primary side sensing and regulation, thus opto-coupler and TL431 are not required. Proprietary built-in CV and CC control can achieve high precision CC/CV control meeting most charger application requirements.

## • Startup Current and Start up Control

Startup current of OB2560 is designed to be very low so that VDD could be charged up above UVLO threshold level and device starts up quickly. A large value startup resistor can therefore be used to minimize the power loss yet achieve a reliable startup in application.

## • Operating Current

The Operating current of OB2560 is as low as 650uA (typical). Good efficiency and les than 100mW standby power is achieved with the low operating current.

## CC/CV Operation

OB2560 is designed to produce good CC/CV control characteristic as shown in the Figure. 1.

In charger applications, a discharged battery charging starts in the CC portion of the curve until it is nearly full charged and smoothly switches to operate in CV portion of the curve. The CC portion provides output current limiting. In CV operation, the output voltage is regulated through the primary side control. In CC operation mode, OB2560 will regulate the output current constant regardless of the output voltage drop.

## • Principle of Operation

To support OB2560 proprietary CC/CV control, system needs to be designed in DCM mode for flyback system (Refer to Typical Application Diagram in page1).

In the DCM flyback converter, the output voltage can be sensed via the auxiliary winding. During MOSFET turn-on time, the load current is supplied from the output filter capacitor, Co, and the current in the primary winding ramps up. When MOSFET turns off, the energy stored in the primary winding is transferred to the secondary side and the current in the secondary winding is

$$I_{S} = \frac{N_{P}}{N_{S}} \cdot I_{P} \tag{1}$$

The auxiliary voltage reflects the output voltage as shown in Figure.2 and it is given by

$$V_{AUX} = \frac{N_{AUX}}{N_s} \cdot (V_o + \Delta V)$$
(2)

Where  $\Delta V$  indicates the voltage drop of the

output Diode.

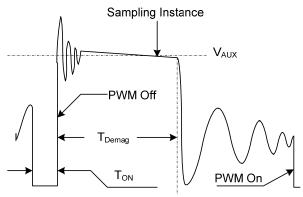


Figure.2. Auxiliary voltage waveform

Via a resistor divider connected between the auxiliary winding and FB (pin 1), the auxiliary voltage is sampled at the middle of the de-magnetization and it is hold until the next sampling. The sampled voltage is compared with reference voltage Vref (typical 2.5V) and the difference is amplified. The error amplifier output reflects the load condition and controls the switching off time to regulate the output voltage, thus constant output voltage can be achieved.

When the sampled voltage is below Vref and the error amplifier output reaches its minimum, the switching frequency is controlled by the sampled voltage to regulate the output current, thus the constant output current can be achieved.

## • Adjustable CC point and Output Power

In OB2560, the CC point and maximum output power can be externally adjusted by external current sense resistor Rs at CS pin as illustrated in the typical application diagram. The larger Rs, the smaller CC point is, and the smaller output power becomes, and vice versa as shown in Figure.3.

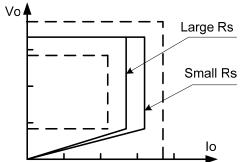


Figure.3. Adjustable output power by changing Rs

#### • Operation Switching Frequency

The switching frequency of OB2560 is adaptively controlled according to the load conditions and the operation modes.

For flyback operating in DCM, the maximum output power is given by



$$Po_{MAX} = \frac{1}{2} L_p F_{SW} I_p^2 \tag{3}$$

Where Lp indicate the inductance of primary winding and lp is the peak current of primary winding.

Refer to the equation 3, the change of the primary winding inductance results in the change of the maximum output power and the constant output current in CC mode. To compensate the change from variations of primary winding inductance, the switching frequency is locked by an internal loop and the switching frequency is

$$F_{SW} = \frac{1}{2T_{Demag}} \tag{4}$$

Since  $T_{Demag}$  is inversely proportional to the inductance, as a result, the product Lp and fsw is constant, thus the maximum output power and constant current in CC mode will not change as primary winding inductance changes. Up to  $\pm 7\%$  variation of the primary winding inductance can be compensated.

## • On time OCP compensation

The variation of max output current in CC mode can be rather large if no compensation is provided. The OCP threshold value is self adjusted higher at higher AC voltage. This OCP threshold slope adjustment helps to compensate the increased output current limit at higher AC voltage. In OB2550Q, a proprietary OCP compensation block is integrated and no external components are needed. The OCP threshold in OB2550Q is a function of the switching ON time. For the ON time between 2.0us to 4.0us (typical), the OCP threshold changes linearly from 500mV to 550mV. For the ON time larger than 4.0us, the OCP threshold is clamped to 550mV, as shown in Figure 4.

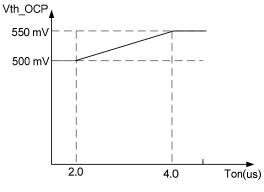


Figure.4. On time OCP compensation

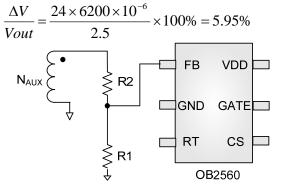
• **Programmable Cable Drop Compensation** In OB2560, cable drop compensation is implemented to achieve good load regulation. An offset voltage is generated at FB pin by an internal current flowing into the resister divider. The current is proportional to the switching off time, as a result, it is inversely proportional to the output load current, and the drop due to the cable loss can be compensated. As the load current decreases from full-load to no-load, the offset voltage at FB will increase. It can also be programmed by adjusting the resistance of the divider to compensate the drop for various cable lines used.

The percentage of maximum compensation is

$$\frac{\Delta V}{\Delta V} = \frac{Icomp\_cable \times R1 \times 10^{-6}}{\times 100\%} \times 100\%$$

 $\Delta V$  is load compensation voltage and Vout is output voltage;

For example: R1=6.2Kohm, the percentage of maximum compensation is



# • Current Sensing and Leading Edge Blanking

Cycle-by-Cycle current limiting is offered in OB2560. The switch current is detected by a sense resistor into the CS pin. An internal leading edge blanking circuit chops off the sensed voltage spike at initial power MOSFET on state so that the external RC filtering on sense input is no longer needed.

#### Gate Driver

The GATE pin is connected to the gate of an external power switch. An internal 11V (typical) clamp is added for MOSFET gate protection at high VCC voltage. When VCC voltage drops below UVLO(ON), the GATE pin is internally pull low to maintain the off state.

## Protection Control

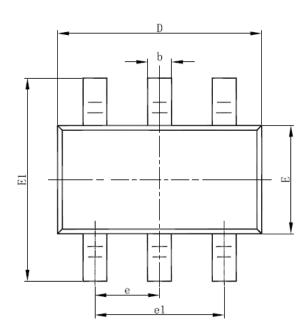
Good power supply system reliability is achieved with its rich protection features including precise external OTP, Cycle-by-Cycle current limiting (OCP), Output over voltage protection, VDD over voltage protection, short circuit protection, Under Voltage Lockout on VDD (UVLO).

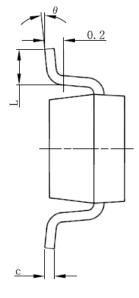
VDD is supplied by transformer auxiliary winding output. The output of OB2560 is shut down when VDD drops below UVLO (ON) and the power converter enters power on start-up sequence thereafter.

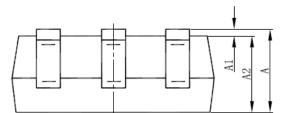


# PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

## SOT-23-6L PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS







| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters |       | Dimensions In Inches |       |  |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|--|
| Symbol | Min                       | Мах   | Min                  | Max   |  |
| A      | 1.000                     | 1.450 | 0.039                | 0.057 |  |
| A1     | 0.000                     | 0.150 | 0.000                | 0.006 |  |
| A2     | 0.900                     | 1.300 | 0.035                | 0.051 |  |
| b      | 0.300                     | 0.500 | 0.012                | 0.020 |  |
| с      | 0.080                     | 0.220 | 0.003                | 0.009 |  |
| D      | 2.800                     | 3.020 | 0.110                | 0.119 |  |
| E      | 1.500                     | 1.726 | 0.059                | 0.068 |  |
| E1     | 2.600                     | 3.000 | 0.102                | 0.118 |  |
| е      | 0.950 (BSC)               |       | 0.037                | (BSC) |  |
| e1     | 1.800                     | 2.000 | 0.071                | 0.079 |  |
| L      | 0.300                     | 0.600 | 0.012                | 0.024 |  |
| θ      | 0°                        | 8°    | 0°                   | 8°    |  |

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